Introduction to Statistical Analysis Using IBM SPSS Statistics (v24)

Course Outline

- 1. Introduction to statistical analysis
- Explain the difference between a sample and a population
- Explain the difference between an experimental research design and a non-experimental research design
- · Explain the difference between independent and dependent variables
- 2. Examine individual variables
- · Describe the levels of measurement used in IBM SPSS Statistics
- · Use graphs to examine variables
- Use summary measures to examine variables
- Explain normal distributions
- Explain standardized scores and their use

3. Test hypotheses-theory

- · Explain the difference between a sample and a population
- Design a test of a hypothesis
- Explain the alpha level
- · Explain the difference between statistical and practical significance
- · Describe the two types of errors in testing a hypothesis

4. Test hypotheses about individual variables

- · Explain the sampling distribution of a statistic
- Explain the difference between the standard deviation and the standard error
- Use the One-Sample T Test to test a hypothesis about a population mean
- Use the Paired-Samples T Test to test on a "before-after treatment" effect
- Use the Binomial Test to test a hypothesis about a population proportion

5. Test the relationship between categorical variables

- Use the Chart Builder to graphically illustrate the relationship between two categorical variables
- Use percentages in Crosstabs to describe the relationship between two categorical variables
- Use the Chi-Square test in Crosstabs to test the relationship between two categorical variables

6. Test the difference between two group means

- · Use the Chart Builder to graphically illustrate the difference between two group means
- Use Explore and Means to describe the differences between groups

Use the Independent-Samples T Test to test whether the difference between two group means is statistically significant

7. Test the differences between more than two group means

• Use One-Way ANOVA to determine whether there are statistically significant differences between means of three or more groups

• Use post hoc tests to detect differences between group means

8. Test the relationship between scale variables

- Chart the relationship between two scale variables
- Use Pearson's correlation coefficient to examine the relationship between two scale variables
- Test hypotheses on Pearson's correlation coefficient
- Assumptions for using Pearson's correlation coefficient

9. Predict a scale variable

- · Use Linear Regression to predict a scale variable with one or more scale variables
- · Use Automatic Linear Modeling to predict a scale variable with categorical and scale variables

10. Explore nonparametric tests

- Describe when Nonparametric Tests should and can be used
- · Use Nonparametric Tests for two or more independent samples
- Use Nonparametric Tests for two dependent samples